

Are you prepared to take care of your horse when a disaster strikes? If not, NOW is the time to stock up on the items that you will need so you will not get caught unprepared. Listed below is a handy shopping list for you to use. The next time you buy food or supplies for your horse, take this list with you. Don't put off doing what you should do now – it may just make the difference between being able to keep your horse alive when a disaster strikes.

SHOPPING FOR YOUR HORSE

Here are the supplies that you should have in a Disaster Kit for horses. Adjust the amounts, depending on the number of horses that you have.

1. FOOD:

- _____ Always have a reserve supply of hay and whatever else you feed your horse to last at least two weeks.
- _____ Have an extra supply of feed buckets or troughs in case you have to evacuate your horse during the Pre-Disaster or Evacuation Alert time and you have to take supplies with you to your horse's evacuation destination.
- _____ Store food in an airtight, waterproof container and clearly mark all your containers with large lettering with your name/address/phone number.
- _____ Rotate food at least once every three (3) months.
- _____ Include with your disaster supplies an extra feeding dish, just in case the one normally used is lost.
- _____ Include with your disaster supplies a knife in case you have to cut bale twine or open bags. Also, include a spoon and extra bucket for mixing up special concoctions that your horse may be used to.

2. WATER:

- _____ Because horses will drink between (5) and (15) gallons of water a day, be sure to always have a supply to last at least (3) days per horse.
- _____ If you do not have the capacity to store large quantities of water, then be sure you have enough large, clean garbage cans to haul water to your horses.
- _____ Store water in a cool, dark location, and be sure to rotate it so it remains fresh.
- _____ Remember that if the tap water is not suitable for humans to drink, it is also not suitable for animals to drink.

3. CLEANING SUPPLIES:

- _____ Have at least one week's shavings or straw available at all times designated for disaster use only. It is important to keep your horse's stall or quarters clean following a disaster. Filthy surroundings added to any injuries the horse has sustained can cause medical problems to develop.
- _____ If you know where your horse's evacuation destination is, you may not require a wheelbarrow and pitchfork. The Canadian Disaster Animal Response Team will have these supplies available at an emergency shelter but chances are your horse will be billeted to a pre-screened stable.

4. PICTURES:

- _____ Have recent photos of every horse. Make at least ten copies in case you have to distribute them if you complete the "LOST REPORT". Include yourself in some of the pictures in case you have to prove ownership.
- _____ Keep these copies and a copy of each Bill of Sale for every horse in your Horse Disaster Kit.

5. MEDICAL INFORMATION:

- _____ If your horse is on medication, be sure to keep a reserve supply in your Horse Disaster Kit along with directions on how to administer.
 - _____ Be sure the medication does not expire and keep it rotated.
 - _____ Have enough medication to last at least two weeks.
 - _____ Keep a copy of your horse's shots and dewormings in your Horse Disaster Kit.
 - _____ Always be sure your horse is up-to-date with tetanus vaccinations since in a disaster there can be a lot of sharp debris laying on the ground.
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6. IDENTIFICATION:

- _____ We strongly recommend microchipping your horse. This is a permanent way in which to be able to always positively identify your horse. Keep a copy of the microchip registration and phone number in your Kit.
- _____ We also recommend tattooing. It is usually done inside the horse's upper lip. If you need temporary id on a horse, you can spray paint your driver's license on the horse or weave a strand of wool into the horse's mane and tag with your name, permanent address, temporary address and telephone numbers on it. Use permanent ink and write your name, address and phone numbers on all halters, bridles and saddles in case your horse has any of these on him/her when he/she is separated from you.
- _____ Familiarize yourself with the Emergency Animal Rescue team in your area. They will provide you with information on evacuation destinations, horse registration, etc.

7. VET INFO:

- _____ Write on a piece of paper or card, the name, address and phone number of your regular horse vet and your regular farrier and keep this in your Horse Disaster Kit.
- _____ If you do not routinely use a mobile equine vet, locate one in your area to use during a disaster, in case your horse is too badly injured to be moved.
- _____ Write out a release form authorizing another party to get emergency medical treatment for your injured horse in case you are not available to give approval during a disaster. Keep this on file with your current and alternate veterinarian as well as with the Animal Response Team. **VERY IMPORTANT !**

8. FIRST AID KIT:

- _____ Check with your veterinarian to find out what is recommended to be included in your First Aid Kit.
- _____ Keep your First Aid Book for Horses in your Horse Disaster Kit.

9. HORSE TRAILERS:

- _____ If you have a horse, you should have a horse trailer. If you do not, make sure you have an arrangement with someone who does during a disaster.
- _____ Familiarize yourself with the Disaster Animal Response Team in your area and notify them at Pre-Disaster and/or Evacuation Alert time if you need help evacuating your horse.

REMEMBER - EVACUATE YOUR HORSE AT ALERT TIME IF AT ALL POSSIBLE AND BE PREPARED!!!

- Do not feed horses any food that has gotten wet or contaminated in any other way. Moldy hay can cause a number of serious illnesses and get your horses used to eating/drinking from several different types of buckets.
- Horses should eat twice a day, in the morning and at night so continue to maintain this schedule as best you can or arrange the disaster animal response team in your area to stick to the same schedule.
- Try to avoid abrupt changes in the kind of food you feed or the amount.
- The water in swimming pools can be used for drinking as long as it does not have algae growing on it (pool water should only be used for drinking water during an emergency).
- Check with the CDART Team for water distribution centres in your community during a disaster. If you are going to make use of rivers or streams, make sure the water is drinkable.
- It is important to always give water to a horse before you offer food. This allows the horse to get the most nutritional value out of their food which is important when the horse has become stressed during a disaster. Get your horse used to drinking from different kinds of buckets.

If you would like more information about being prepared during a disaster, or becoming a trained disaster volunteer for animals or if you want someone to speak to a group regarding the Disaster Animal Response Team during a disaster, please contact:

Canadian Disaster Animal Response Team - CDART
Box 235 . 113 – 437 Martin Street
Penticton, BC V2A 5L1
Phone: 250.494.5057 . Email: inquiries@cdart.org

We are grateful to United Animal Nations and their Emergency Animal Rescue Service division for providing us with most of the material in this information flyer. If you have any questions or comments, please contact CDART at the address and phone number as noted above.
